



*Lettre d'information
de la Section d'Etudes Européennes
Newsletter of the European Studies Section
Association Française de Science Politique*

Agenda

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Scholarships, grants, prizes

Reports of scientific events

University programmes in EU studies

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n° 18, winter 2011**



Responsables éditoriaux/Editors : **Olivier Costa, Clarissa Dri, Julien Navarro, Nathalie Brack**
[i-see@sciencespobordeaux.fr] [<http://see-afsp.webou.net>]

Documentation : **Caroline Sagat**
Diffusion : **Isabelle Rocca**
[c.sagat@sciencespobordeaux.fr]
[isabelle.rocca@sciences-po.fr]

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La lettre d'information de la Section d'études européennes de l'Association Française de Science Politique paraît à chaque saison.

Elle peut être consultée sur le site de la SEE [<http://see-afsp.webou.net>] et de l'AFSP [www.afsp.msh-paris.fr].

Inscription sur la liste des destinataires : Isabelle Rocca [isabelle.rocca@sciences-po.fr]

Responsables éditoriaux : Olivier Costa, Clarissa Dri, Julien Navarro, Nathalie Brack [i-see@sciencespobordeaux.fr]

Documentation : Caroline Sagat [c.sagat@sciencespobordeaux.fr]

Rubrique « comptes-rendus de manifestations scientifiques » : les textes, d'environ 5.000 signes, peuvent concerner toutes les manifestations, françaises ou étrangères, relatives à l'Europe. Ils doivent proposer des synthèses subjectives inscrivant ces événements dans une réflexion plus large sur la thématique en question. Ils sont signés par leur auteur.

Rubrique « formations universitaires à l'intégration européenne » : les textes, d'environ 5.000 signes, peuvent présenter les diverses formations offertes en France (UFR, masters, écoles doctorales...). Ils sont signés par leur auteur.

The newsletter of the European Studies Section of the French Association of Political Science is published every season.

It can be consulted in the website of SEE [<http://see-afsp.webou.net>] and AFSP [www.afsp.msh-paris.fr].

Inscription on the mailing list: Isabelle Rocca [isabelle.rocca@sciences-po.fr]

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"Reports of scientific events": texts of about 5.000 signs on any manifestations related to Europe. They shall bring personal synthesis relating the event to a broader reflection on the subject analysed. They are signed by the authors.

"University programmes in EU studies": texts of about 5.000 signs presenting different study opportunities in regards to the European integration. They are signed by the authors.

Avec le soutien de :



ISSN 2110-5898

Congrès AFSP 2011

31 août – 2 septembre 2011, Strasbourg

Section Thématique 46 : L'euroéanisation et ses coins d'ombre : vers une normalisation des études européennes ?

Responsables scientifiques :

Denis Duez (Facultés universitaires Saint-Louis, Bruxelles)

Sabine Saurugger (Institut d'études politiques de Grenoble)

[<http://www.afsp.msh-paris.fr/activite/2010/congres2011appels2.pdf>]

Le concept d'euroéanisation s'est imposé comme un concept à succès dans le champ des études européennes. Toutefois, si les travaux sur ce thème se sont multipliés, ils restent le plus souvent marqués par de nombreux coins d'ombre. La plupart des recherches achoppent sur un triple écueil. Elles regroupent tout d'abord deux littératures qui dialoguent peu. D'un côté, une littérature anglophone qui s'est attachée à conceptualiser la notion d'euroéanisation. De l'autre, une littérature francophone, plus sociologique, qui juxtapose des travaux empiriques, parfois au détriment d'une conceptualisation poussée. Enfin, les études sur l'euroéanisation peinent à proposer une montée en généralité susceptible de nous informer des effets politiques et sociaux structurels de l'intégration européenne.

Compte tenu de ces écueils, l'objectif de la ST est de réinscrire les recherches sur l'euroéanisation dans une perspective plus large. Cet effort de normalisation des études européennes suppose de rompre avec la posture considérant l'Union européenne comme un phénomène *sui generis*. Les communications attendues seront théoriques ou empiriques. Elles proposeront une discussion sur les apports et les limites de la notion d'euroéanisation. Théoriques, elles éviteront de reproduire un nouvel état de l'art au profit d'une ouverture accrue sur les approches classiques de science politique. Empiriques, elles veilleront à ne pas offrir une simple étude de cas mais à discuter les résultats obtenus à l'aune d'autres recherches empiriques et approches et méthodes de science politique.

Une attention particulière sera accordée aux problématiques suivantes :

1. *Les sources de l'euroéanisation* : comment différencier l'influence de l'Union européenne de celle exercée par la mondialisation, d'autres institutions internationales ou encore d'autres États ? Cette question est liée à celles de la causalité et de la corrélation dans les études sur l'euroéanisation. Comment penser le passage d'une causalité séquentielle et unidirectionnelle à un modèle de causalité intriqué supposant que les niveaux nationaux, européen et international interagissent en permanence ?
2. *Le non-changement du niveau national* : comment penser et étudier empiriquement l'absence de changement au niveau national ? Si cette attitude a été étudiée sous forme de résistances au changement aussi bien d'un point de vue de politique, de sociologie et de pensée politique, il est pertinent d'élargir la réflexion. Quels enseignements peut-on tirer des travaux en ce domaine ? Dans quelle mesure les études sur les résistances à l'intégration européenne ont-elles contribué à enrichir la science politique ?

**Final Conference of the project LEGIPAR
1-2 December 2011, Sciences Po Bordeaux**

[<http://www.legipar.sciencespobordeaux.fr/Colloque%20final.html>]

The conference proposes to establish a state-of-the-art parliamentary study in France, on the occasion of the termination of the LEGIPAR project funded by the French ANR. The conference will be structured in three succeeding thematic sessions (half a day and four papers each, see below) allowing a discussion between one keynote speaker, four paper-givers and one discussant. All keynote speakers and discussants mentioned in this call have confirmed their participation.

The conference is open to all researchers working on the French parliament or MPs (including members of the European Parliament), or looking at parliamentary representation from a comparative perspective including France, whatever the methods and the theoretical approaches. Priority will be given to papers based on original data and providing empirical results.

Working language will be English.

The conveners will take in charge all expenses: accommodation, meals and travel.

Deadline: Proposals should be sent before the 1st June 2011, to the following address:
legipar@sciencespobordeaux.fr.

They should include:

- complete contact information
- biography of the author (10 lines)
- description of the proposal (1 page max.), including the indication of the session (see draft program available online).

Draft papers should be sent to the Organizing Committee by 1st of November 2011 and will be uploaded on the LEGIPAR website.

Agenda Agenda

30 March 2011, Paris: Workshop on Political Parties, Policy and Issue Competition

Workshop organized by the Centre d'études européennes at Sciences Po within the framework of the Project Agendas France.

[<http://www.cee.sciences-po.fr/images/stories/workshop-parties-policies-issues-cfp.pdf>]

Contact: [simon.persico@sciences-po.org]

31 March-02 April 2011, Oradea: Leaders ofthe borders, borders of the leaders

International conference organized by University of Oradea, University of Debrecen and Institute for Euro-regional Studies Oradea-Debrecen.

Contact: [dogot@igri.ro]

4-6 April 2011, Paris: PhD Course on International Relations

The Department of Political Science, University of Oslo in cooperation with Centre franco-norvégien en sciences sociales et humaines, Paris, offers a course for PhD and postdoc students at the Centre in Paris.

Contact: [Dagfinn.hagen@stv.uio.no]

7-8 April 2011, Berlin: Institutional Dynamics in World Politics: Explaining variation in the scope, pace, and direction of international institutional change

Workshop to be held at the Social Science Research Center.

[<http://www.wzb.eu/zkd/tki/institutionalchange/callforpapers.en.htm>]

Contact: [tki-workshop@wzb.eu]

8 April 2011, Sussex: European Union Migration Governance

Workshop organized by the Sussex European Institute (SEI), University of Sussex.

Contact: [C.Sissons@sussex.ac.uk]

9 April 2011, Pittsburgh: Sixth Annual Graduate Student Conference on the European Union

[http://www.apsanet.org/tinymce/jscripts/tiny_mce/plugins/paste/www.ucis]

10-12 April 2011, Halifax: The EU and Transatlantic Relations: Security and Political Economy Issues

Fifth Annual Conference, European Union Centre of Excellence (EUCE), Dalhousie University, Canada.

[<http://euce.dal.ca/CONFERENCES/>]

Contact: Finn Laursen [finn.laursen@dal.ca]

12-17 April 2011, St Gallen: ECPR Joint Sessions of Workshops

[http://www.ecprnet.eu/joint_sessions/st_gallen/default.asp]

18 avril 2011, Strasbourg: Les institutions européennes font leur histoire

Regards croisés à l'occasion du 60^{ème} anniversaire du Traité de Paris (18 avril 1951-18 avril 2011). Journée d'études du Pôle européen d'administration publique (PEAP), Université de Strasbourg, en collaboration avec l'ENA, sous la responsabilité de Michel Mangenot et de Sylvain Schirmann.

Courriel : aurelie.kraft@unistra.fr

18-21 April 2011, London: Transforming politics: new synergies

61st Annual Conference, Graduate Conference & Workshops of the Political Studies Association.

[www.psa.ac.uk/2011]

Contact: [convenors@psa.ac.uk]

20-22 avril 2011, Bruxelles: Être gouverné au 21e siècle

Quatrième Congrès international des Associations francophones de Science politique, organisé par l'Association belge de Science Politique pour la Communauté française (ABSP-CF), avec l'Association française de Science politique (AFSP), l'Association de Science politique du Luxembourg (Luxpol), la Société québécoise de Science politique (SQSS) et l'Association suisse de Science politique (ASSP) à l'Université libre de Bruxelles.

[<http://absp.spri.ucl.ac.be/activites.html>]

22-23 April 2011, Bruges: The EU, the US and China: Towards the New International Order?

International Conference to be held at College of Europe.

Contacts: [jing.men@coleurope.eu], [benjamin.barton@coleurope.eu]

28-29 April 2011, Brussels: Private television in Europe

The Institute for European Studies (IES) and the Center for Studies on Media Information and Telecommunication (IBBT-SMIT) of the Vrije Universiteit Brussel organize a two-day conference on the genesis, evolution and future of private television in Europe.

[www.privatetelevision.eu]

Contact: [info@privatetelevision.eu]

5-6 mai 2011, Lille : 60 ans d'Europe de l'industrie, de l'énergie et du développement durable

Colloque organisé à l'Université Catholique de Lille par les Amis de l'Eurométropole Lille-Kortrijk-Tournai, la Faculté Libre de Droit et les Jeunes européens-Lille

Contact : eurometropo@gmail.com

6 May 2011, Bath: Implementing EU External Policies in Non-Member States

Workshop organized by the Department of European Studies and Modern Languages, University of Bath.

[http://www.bath.ac.uk/esml/news/news_0028.html]

Contact: [d.c.wunderlich@bath.ac.uk]

6 May 2011, Liverpool: The EU Citizens' Initiative: Normative, Legal and Policy Perspectives

Conference hosted by the University of Liverpool, co-funded by the European Commission Representation in the UK, the University Association for Contemporary European Studies and the Liverpool Law School.

Contact: [m.dougan@liv.ac.uk]

12 May 2011, London: Economic Crisis, Nationalism and the Broken Other: new faces of nationalism and immigration during the European economic crisis

Conference organized by the Institute of Contemporary European Studies (iCES).

Contact: [triasiva@regents.ac.uk]

12-13 mai 2011, Bruxelles: La crise. L'avenir des modèles sociaux en Europe et les réponses européennes

Colloque de l'institut d'études européennes des Facultés universitaires Saint-Louis.

[<http://www.iee-fusl.eu/392.html>]

Contact: [defraigne@fusl.ac.be]

16-17 May 2011, London: Annual Conference of the International Association for the Study of German Politics (IASGP)

Contact: Michael Koß [mkoss@uni-potsdam.de]

18-19 May 2011, Taipei: Contemporary European and American Societies

2nd Conference of the Institute of European and American Studies (IEAS) of Academia Sinica.

[<http://www.ea.sinica.edu.tw/index-e.php>]

Contact: [ieascfp@gate.sinica.edu.tw]

19-21 May 2011, Aarhus: Non-state actors in European integration 1950-1992: from polity-building to transnational politics and policy-making?

Conference at the University of Aarhus, Department of History and Area Studies.

[<http://hsokult.geschichte.hu-berlin.de/termine/id=14405>]

Contact: [jhmeyer@gmx.de], [wolfram.kaiser@online.de]

19-20 mai 2011, Montréal: Penser, publier et enseigner la science politique en français

Congrès annuel de la Société québécoise de science politique organisé à l'Université du Québec à Montréal.

Contact: Frédéric Lalande [sqsp@er.uqam.ca]

20-21 May 2011, Budapest: Structures and Futures of Europe

17th Annual Conference of the Hungarian Political Science Association.

[<http://www.ceu.hu/hpsa2011>]

Contact: [hpsaconf@ceu.hu]

25-28 May 2011, Florence: 2011 ECPR Research Sessions

The Research Sessions have not taken place since 2001, but they will be re-launched in 2011 in a slightly different format, that gives priority to groups sponsored by ECPR standing groups. Workshop to be held at the European University Institute.

Contact: [conferences@ecprnet.eu]

27-29 May 2011, Budapest: What Follows after the Crisis? Approaches to Global Transformations

[<http://ceuconf2011.wordpress.com/about/>]

7th CEU Conference in Social Sciences to be held at the Central European University.

30-31 mai 2011, Strasbourg: Les médiations de l'Europe politique

Colloque organisé avec le soutien de la Maison des Sciences de l'Homme – Alsace, de l'Université de Strasbourg et du Groupe de sociologie politique européenne.

[http://prisme.u-strasbg.fr/sites/10/File/colloquemediationsdeleurope_2011.pdf]

Contacts: [philippe.aldrin@misha.fr], [jeanmichel.utard@misha.fr]

30-31 May 2011, Granada: Crisis, Lisbon, EU policies and member States

International workshop to be held at the University of Granada.

Contact: [rosafernandez@cee.uned.es]

2-4 June 2011, Portoroz: XXII Slovenian political science conference

Organized by the Slovenian Political Science Association.

Contact: [spod.fdv@fdv.uni-lj.si]

2-5 June 2011, Oradea: Ethnicity, Confession and Intercultural Dialogue at the European Union Eastern Border

International conference organized by the University of Oradea and Institute for Euroregional Studies Oradea-Debrecen.

Contact: [brie@igri.ro]

Deadline: 15 april 2011

3-4 June 2011, Coimbra: Challenging Citizenship

International Conference organized by the Centre for Social Studies (CES), University of Coimbra.

[<http://www.ces.uc.pt/challengingcitizenship/pages/en/home.php>]

6-8 June 2011, Stuttgart: Multi-risk analysis in a global world

Annual Meeting of the Society for Risk Analysis – Europe.

[<http://www.sraeurope.org/home.aspx?pag=1000#bl2043>]

Contact: [sraeurope@eu-vri.eu]

13-17 June 2011, Amsterdam: 11th ERGOMAS Conference

The European Research Group on Military and Society (ERGOMAS) organizes a conference on research on military and society hosted by the Netherlands Defense Academy (NLDA).

Contact: [tszv@zugernet.ch]

15-17 June 2011, Istanbul: Whither the 'Post-Westphalian' World? Inequalities, Conflicts and Solidarity in the Twenty-First Century

8th Convention of the Central and East European International Studies Association (CEEISA) organized at the Kadir Has University.

[<http://ian.vse.cz/ceeisa/istanbul.php>]

16-18 June 2011, Dublin: EPSA General Conference

First annual conference of the European Political Science Association.

[<http://www.epsanet.org/conferences.html>]

Contact: [epsa2011@epsanet.org]

17 juin 2011, Nice: (In)disciplines et sanctions partisanes. Perspectives comparées

Journée d'étude organisée à l'Université de Nice

[http://webs.unice.fr/ermes/IMG/pdf/Appel-a-Com_In_disciplines-et-sanctions-partisanes.pdf]

20 June 2011, Warwick: The State, Society and Politics in Turkey

International Workshop organized by the Centre for Research in Ethnic Relations, Warwick University.

Contact : Gülcin Erdi Lelandais [G.Lelandais@warwick.ac.uk]

20-21 June 2011, Maastricht: Where now for Europarties: reflections post Lisbon?

Workshop organized at the Maastricht University.

Contact: [europarties_maastricht@yahoo.com]

21-23 June 2011, Barcelona: 18th International Conference of the Council for European Studies

[<http://www.councilforeuropeanstudies.org/>]
Contact: Stefanie Grupp Clasby [ces@columbia.edu]

23-25 June 2011, Cardiff: Discursive Spaces. Politics, Practices and Power

6th International Conference in Interpretive Policy Analysis.
[www.ipa-2011.cardiff.ac.uk]
Contact: [IPA-2011@cardiff.ac.uk]

30 June - 1 July 2011, Paris: The EU as a global actor

Doctoral student workshop organized by the Centre d'études européennes at Sciences Po and the Institut de recherche stratégique de l'Ecole militaire.
[www.cee.sciences-po.fr]

Contact: [frederic.charillon@defense.gouv.fr], [zaki.laidi@sciences-po.fr]
Deadline: 30 March 2011

30 June - 1 July 2011, Surrey: New Frontiers in European Studies

12th UACES Student Forum conference, University of Surrey.
[<http://www.uacesstudentforum.org/>]
Contact: [tomas.maltby@manchester.ac.uk]

30 June-1 July 2011, Nottingham: Reflections on Lisbon – past, present and future

6th Annual Conference of the Association for the Study of Sport and the European Union (Sport&EU).
[<http://www.sportandeu.com>]
Contact: [simon.boyes@ntu.ac.uk]

July 2011, Brussels: The Diplomatic System of the European Union: A Stocktaking

Final Conference of the multilateral research network "The Diplomatic System of the European Union", supported by the Jean Monnet Programme of the European Commission.
[<http://dseu.lboro.ac.uk/news-events/finalconference.html>]
Contact: [dseu@lboro.ac.uk]

7-9 July 2011, Gothenburg: 27th Colloquium of the European Group for Organizational Studies (EGOS)

[<http://www.egosnet.org>]

10 July 2011, Edinburgh: PhD workshop on Political Economy of Integration

Workshop organized by the University of Edinburgh's Jean Monnet Center for Excellence.
Contact: [c.s.rommerskirchen@sms.ed.ac.uk]
Deadline: 31 March 2011

18-22 July 2011, Lausanne: 4th Conference of the European Survey Research Association

Conference organized in cooperation with the Swiss Centre of Expertise in the Social Sciences (FORS) and the University of Lausanne.
[<http://surveymethodology.eu/conferences/>]

20-22 juillet 2011, São Paulo: Governança Global e Novos Atores

3eme Rencontre nationale de l'Association brésilienne de relations internationales.
[<http://www.abri.org.br/ena2011/>]

27-30 July 2011, Cordoba: Democracy, Integration and Crisis in the New Global Order: Tensions and Challenges for Political Analysis

10th Congress of the Argentinean Association of Political Analysis.
[<http://www.saap.org.ar>]

Contact: [10congreso@saap.org.ar]

Deadline: 31 March 2010

17-20 August 2011, Porto: The World in Crisis: Revolution or Evolution in the International Community?

3rd Global International Studies Conference.
[<http://www.wiscnetwork.org/wisc2011.php>]

Contact: [wisc@unict.it]

25-27 August 2011, Reykjavik: 6th ECPR General Conference

To be held at the University of Iceland.

[http://www.ecprnet.eu/conferences/general_conference/Reykjavik/]

Section 50: Comparative regionalism: Europe and its External Others, organized by Jens-Uwe Wunderlich and Alex Warleigh-Lack

29-30 August 2011, Kaunas: Adjusting to Europe: Institutional Legacies of Communism and Ethnocultural Diversity

Conference organized by the European Centre for Minority Issues (Flensburg, Germany) and Friedrich Ebert Stiftung (Baltic Office).

Contact: [t.agarin@ecmi.de]

Deadline: 4 April 2011

31 août – 2 septembre 2011, Strasbourg: 11^e Congrès de l'Association Française de Science Politique

[<http://www.congres-afsp.fr/>]

1-4 September 2011, San Francisco: Annual meeting of the American Political Science Association

[http://www.apsanet.org/content_9906.cfm?navID=597]

5-7 September 2011, Cambridge: Exchanging Ideas on Europe 2011

41st Annual UACES conference, taking place at Robinson College.

[<http://www.uaces.org/cambridge>]

Contact: Sue Davis [admin@uaces.org]

6-9 September 2011, Geneva-Grenoble: Walls and Security Barriers

XI Meeting of the Network Border Regions in transition (BRIT) co-organized by PACTE, UJF and University of Geneva.

[<http://www.pacte.cnrs.fr/spip.php?article2543>]

Contact: [stephanerosiere@orange.fr]

7-9 Septembre 2011, Murcia: La política en la red

X Congrès de l'association espagnole de science politique (AECPA).

[<http://www.aecpa.es/x-congreso--la-politica-en-la-red--/pages.14/>]

Deadline: 30 March 2011

Área VI. Estudios internacionales y estudios de área

GT 6.7 Diplomacia parlamentaria multi-nivel y resolución de conflictos internacionales

[<http://www.aecpa.es/congresos/10/grupos-trabajo/49/>]

7-10 September 2011, Bucharest: Policy Implementation in Varying Institutional Settings

Conference of the European Group for Public Administration (EGPA), Permanent Study Group XIII on Public Policy.

[<http://egpa2011.com/>]

Contact: [f.maron@iias-iisa.org]

Deadline: 1 May 2011

15-17 September 2011, Louvain/Brussels: Old borders, new frontiers: Orthodox Christianity and the European integration

[<http://www.ru.nl/ivoc>]

Contact : [a.bruening@ivoc.ru.nl]

Deadline: 15 April 2011

23-24 September 2011, Bucharest: European Parliamentary Discourses: Interdisciplinary Approaches

International conference organized by the Centre for Theoretical and Applied Linguistics (University of Bucharest, Faculty of Letters), in connection with the Research Project Tradition and Modernity in the Romanian Parliamentary Discourse: a Pragma-Rhetorical Approach, sponsored by the CNCSIS – UEFISCSU.

[<http://www.tau.ac.il/~adarr/index.files/apcom/Bucharest.doc>]

Contact: [mc_tinescu2000@yahoo.com]

Deadline: 1 May 2011

13-14 October 2011, Copenhagen: The Legal Dimension of Global Governance: What Role for the EU?

Conference organized by the Centre for European Constitutionalization at the Faculty of Law, University of Copenhagen; the European Research in Copenhagen Initiative (EURECO) and the Leuven Centre for Global Governance Studies, with the support of the Centre for the Law of EU External Relations.

Contact: [Bart.van.vooren@jur.ku.dk]

20-21 October 2011, Málaga: Economic Policy Proposals for Facing the Present Challenges

Xth Economic Policy Conference.

[www.xjpe.es]

Contact: [info@xjpe.es]

Deadline: 30 April 2011

4-5 November 2011, Córdoba: Methodological challenges in participation research

[www.iesa.csic.es/archivo/jornadasparticipacion.pdf]

Contact: [iesa_jornadasparticipacion2011@iesa.csic.es]

10-12 November 2011, Lucca: European Political cultures and parties and the European integration process, 1945-1992

Conference of the Institute for Advanced Studies Lucca and the University of Padua.

Contact: [m.cavallaro@imtlucca.it]

Deadline: 30 April 2011

30 November 2011, Bordeaux: French legislative studies

Doctoral workshop of the Legipar Project.

[<http://www.legipar.sciencesbordeaux.fr/Colloque%20final.html>]

Deadline: 1 June 2011

1-2 December 2011, Bordeaux: Parliamentary legitimization and democratic government in France and in the European Union

LEGIPAR Project Final Conference to be held at Centre Emile-Durkheim, Sciences Po Bordeaux.

[<http://www.legipar.sciencespobordeaux.fr/Colloque%20final.html>]

Deadline: 1 June 2011

10-15 April 2012, Antwerp: ECPR Joint Sessions of Workshops

[http://www.ecprnet.eu/joint_sessions/antwerp/default.asp]

11-14 April 2012, Glasgow: IX European Social Science History Conference

Organized by the International Institute for Social History.

[www.iisg.nl/esshc]

Contact: [esshc@iisg.nl]

Deadline: 1 June 2011

4-6 July 2012, Bremen: 4th ECPR Graduate Conference

To be held at Jacobs University.

[http://www.ecprnet.eu/conferences/graduate_conference/bremen/]

8-12 July 2012, Madrid: Reordering Power, Shifting Boundaries

22nd World Congress of Political Science, International Political Science Association.

[<http://www.ipsa.org/events/congress/madrid2012>]

Août 2012, Gramado: VIII Rencontre de l'Association brésilienne de science politique

[<http://www.cienciapolitica.org.br/>]

30 August – 2 September 2012, New Orleans: Annual meeting of the American Political Science Association

[http://www.apsanet.org/content_9906.cfm?navID=597]

5-7 September 2013, Bordeaux : 7thECPR General Conference

To be held at Sciences Po Bordeaux.

[http://www.ecprnet.eu/conferences/general_conference/Bordeaux/]

29 August – 1 September 2013, Chicago: Annual meeting of the American Political Science Association

[http://www.apsanet.org/content_9906.cfm?navID=597]

July 2014, Montreal: 23rd World Congress of Political Science, International Political Science Association

July 2016, Istanbul: 24th World Congress of Political Science, International Political Science Association

Séminaires

Séminaire Constructions européennes: histoire et science politique

Organisateurs : Jean-Michel Guieu (Univ. Paris I, Irice), Guillaume Sacrste (Univ. Paris I, Cessp), Antoine Vauchez (Cnrs, Curapp), Laurent Warlouzet (Univ. Arras, Crehs).

Les premières séances se tiendront de 17h à 19h dans la salle du CRPS (H604), département de Science politique, Université Paris 1. 14, rue Cujas 75005 Paris.

La dernière séance se tiendra, elle, à l'Institut Pierre Renouvin (Univ. Paris 1).

Séance 1: Mardi 8 Février 2011: Mémoires d'Europe

-Camille Mazé (Ens, Cmh), « Les entrepreneurs des musées de l'Europe »

-Laure Neumayer (Univ. Paris I, Cessp), « L'intervention des institutions européennes dans des querelles mémoriales en Europe centrale »

Discutante: Elise Julien (IEP Lille)

Séance 2: Mardi 15 mars 2011: Savoirs et politiques des savoirs européens

-Bastien Lelu (Univ. Paris-Sud XI) « Histoire des politiques européennes communautaires de mise en public de la science »

-Veera Nisonen (Institut Universitaire Européen, Ehess), « Common European research policy (1965-1984) »

Discutante: Isabelle Bruno (Univ. Lille 2, Ceraps)

Séance 3: Mardi 5 avril 2011: Espaces politiques nationaux et question européenne

-Tim Beichelt (Univ. Viadrina et Univ. Paris I), « Les allemands et l'Europe - l'émergence d'un nouveau consensus Euro-sceptique? »

-Christophe Le Dréau (Univ. Paris I, Irice), « Les libéraux britanniques dans les années 1930 ou mouvements anti-européens contemporaines »

Discutant: Nicolas Hubé (Univ. Paris I, Cessp)

Séance 4: Mardi 24 mai 2011: Experts et formes de légitimation de l'Europe

-Caroline Vincensini (Cnrs, Cemi Cachan)

-Vincent Gayon (Irisso, Univ. Dauphine)

Discutant: Kiran Patel (Institut Universitaire Européen, Ehess)

Séminaire Bureaucratie et sociétés européennes en interaction

Organisateurs : Véronique Dimier et François Forêt (Université libre de Bruxelles)

Le séminaire est co-organisé par le REPI et le CEVIPOF et a lieu à l'Institut d'Etudes Européennes de l'Université libre de Bruxelles.

-29 mars 2011 :Roser CUSSO (Paris 8-Saint-Denis) : «Politique et statistique: le cas de l'Union européenne et l'enseignement », 12 h – 14 h, Salle Kant

-5 avril 2011: Grace Davie (Exeter): "Understanding Religion and Welfare in Modern Europe: A Continuing Debate", 12h-14h – Salle Spaak

-26 avril 2011 :Christian Lequesne (CERI, Sciences Po Paris) : "Le service européen d'action extérieure : une institution en construction », 12 h – 14 h, Salle Kant

-5 mai 2011:Gerard Delanty (University of Sussex), «The forms of European modernity: religion,culture and political community », 17h – 19 h Salle Kant

Séminaire de recherche doctorale en relations internationales

Coordinateurs scientifiques : Amandine Bled, Barbara Delcourt, Jean-Frédéric Morin, Christian Olsson et Christophe Wasinski.

Les séminaires ont lieu entre 12h et 14h à l'Institut d'Etudes Européennes (salle Kant), Université libre de Bruxelles.

-Jeudi 7 avril 2011 : « *Projections des préférences vs adaptations nationales: une approche comparative de l'euroéanisation de la défense* », Antoine RAYROUX (doctorant, ULB)

Discutant : Bastien IRONDELLE (CERI, Sciences Po Paris)

Récapitulatif des appels à proposition Call for papers summary

Date limite Deadline	Thème Subject	Détails Details
30 March 2011	Congrès de l'association espagnole de science politique	7-9 Septembre 2011, Murcia [http://www.aecpa.es/x-congreso--la-politica-en-la-red-/pages.14/]
30 March 2011	The EU as a global actor	30 June – 1 July 2011, Paris [www.cee.sciences-po.fr]
31 March 2011	Congress of the Argentinean Association of Political Analysis	27-30 July 2011, Cordoba [http://www.saap.org.ar]
31 March 2011	Political Economy of Integration	10 July 2011, Edinburgh Contact: [c.s.rommerskirchen@sms.ed.ac.uk]
4 April 2011	Institutional Legacies of Communism and Ethnocultural Diversity	29-30 August 2011, Kaunas Contact: [t.agarin@ecmi.de]
15 April 2011	Ethnicity, Confession and Intercultural Dialogue	2-5 June 2011, Oradea Contact: [brie@igri.ro]
15 April 2011	Orthodox Christianity and the European integration	15-17 September 2011, Louvain/Brussels [http://www.ru.nl/ivoc]
30 April 2011	Economic Policy Conference	20-21 October 2011, Málaga [www.xjpe.es]
30 April 2011	European Political cultures and parties	10-12 November 2011, Lucca Contact: [m.cavallaro@imtlucca.it]
1 May 2011	European Parliamentary Discourses	23-24 September 2011, Bucharest [http://www.tau.ac.il/~adarr/index.files/apcom/Bucharest.doc]
1 May 2011	Conference of the European Group for Public Administration	7-10 September 2011, Bucharest [http://egpa2011.com/]
1 June 2011	European Social Science History Conference	11-14 April 2012, Glasgow [www.iisg.nl/esshc]
1 June 2011	LEGIPAR Project Final Conference	1-2 December 2011, Bordeaux [http://www.legipar.sciencespobordeaux.fr/Colloque%20final.html]
1 June 2011	LEGIPAR Doctoral Workshop	30 November 2011, Bordeaux [http://www.legipar.sciencespobordeaux.fr/Colloque%20final.html]

Ecole d'été Summer Schools

Jean Monnet International Summer Seminars "Integrating Europe in a Changing World"

Rome, 4-8 July and 11-15 July 2011

[www.eusummerseminar.uniroma2.it]

The Jean Monnet European Center of Excellence of the University of Rome "Tor Vergata" is organizing the 8th edition of the Jean Monnet International Summer Seminars "Integrating Europe in a Changing World". The Summer Seminars is divided into two modules that can also be taken individually.

The EU Institutions and Decision Making after the Lisbon Treaty (Rome 4-8 July 2011)

This first module will focus on the changes introduced by the Lisbon Treaty in the EU institutions and decision making procedures, also assessing the effectiveness of the new (reduced) rotating presidency, the EU President and the complex relations between these and the EU Commission President and the EU High Representative and. It will be an exciting hands-on course analyzing the changes introduced by the Lisbon Treaty both from a theoretical and practical point of view.

The EU Foreign Policy after the Lisbon Treaty (Rome 11-15 July 2011)

The second module will focus on the EU Foreign Policy. In particular, this year we will assess the degree of convergence / divergence of the Foreign Policy of the Union with that of its major member states and of the world superpowers and emerging powers (US, Russia, China, India, Brazil). As usual, it will have a hands-on approach thanks to the participation of the best scholars and decision makers in the field.

The Summer Seminars are unique in the way they are thought and organized: students will interact with some 30 world class speakers that have included Giuliano Amato (Former Italian Prime Minister and Vice President of the European Convention); Franco Frattini (Italian Foreign Minister); Andrew Moravcsik, (Princeton); Simon Hix (LSE); Marta Dassù, (Aspen Institute); Joaquim Roy (University of Miami); Gilles De Kerkove (EU Coordinator for Counterterrorism), Jeremy Shapiro (US Department of State); Amy Verdun, (University of Victoria), David Andrews (Scripps College), Jan Techau (NATO Defence College), Fernando Gentilini (EEAS), Ian Ifversen (Aarhus University), John Peet (The Economist), Khalid Emara (Egyptian Foreign Ministry), Alfred Tovias (Hebrew University of Jerusalem), Mark Entin (Moscow State University), Amichai Magen (Stanford University) and many other top other national and international scholars and decision makers.

The Summer Seminars address primarily to graduate and PhD students and young civil servants, but they can also be useful for journalists, diplomats, people working in NGOs, interest groups, etc. Exceptionally skilled senior undergraduate students can be accepted on an individual base. The seminars are highly selective and intensive, with 30 teaching hours each week, giving right to 4 ECTS / 2 US credits each. Admission is subordinated to the proof of previous knowledge about the EU. In the past editions of the summer seminar, approximately 35% of the applicants have been accepted.

The tuition fee is of 600€ per week and 1000€ for both weeks. 3 full scholarships and 3 partial scholarships are available and will be awarded on the basis of merit and need. Please refer to the website for details. Accommodation and board are not included in the tuition fee, though organizers do reserve a number of affordable places for the participants.

For further information and inquiries, please see www.eusummerseminar.uniroma2.it, or email us ateu.summer.seminar@uniroma2.it.

The deadlines are 30 March 2011 for grant requests and 30 May 2011 for full-tuition paying participants.

**Emigration et immigration dans les Alpes
Université de Fribourg (Suisse), 3 au 16 juillet 2011**
[<http://www.unifr.ch/eurouni>]

Le Domaine « Etudes européennes » de l'Université de Fribourg (Suisse) organise sa première *Université d'été européenne* en juillet 2011. Elle se déroulera à Sierre (Valais), en Suisse.

Durant un programme intensif de deux semaines :

- Pensez et vivez l'Europe au quotidien
- Bénéficiez d'un enseignement transculturel et bilingue
- Echangez vos connaissances avec des enseignants et étudiants européens et suisses
- Créez un réseau de relations enrichissant dans un cadre exceptionnel

Public-cible :étudiants titulaires d'un bachelor ou d'un master suisse ou étranger, maîtrisant l'allemand ou le français et possédant d'excellentes connaissances de l'autre langue (niveau B2)

Certification :les participants recevront une attestation ainsi que 4 crédits ECTS

Description – L'Université d'été européenne se veut un lieu d'enseignement, d'échanges et de réflexion autour de thèmes liés à l'Europe. Ses cours seront bilingues, français et allemand, à l'image de l'Université de Fribourg, du Canton du Valais et de la ville de Sierre. Son programme, élaboré par des universitaires disposant d'une vaste expérience internationale et transculturelle, propose aux participants d'approfondir leurs connaissances sur l'Europe dans un contexte académique stimulant, conjuguant de manière dynamique des enseignements d'histoire et de science politique avec des sujets de société contemporaine.

Organisateur et partenaires institutionnels – Le domaine en études européennes est rattaché au Département des Sciences historiques de la Faculté des lettres et fait partie du Centre d'études européennes, l'un des pôles d'excellence de l'Université de Fribourg. Les partenaires institutionnels de l'Université d'été européenne sont l'Université de Fribourg (institution bilingue fondée en 1889) ainsi que la Formation universitaire à distance, Suisse, localisée à Sierre (VS), Brigue (VS) et Pfäffikon (SZ).

Programme – Le programme se compose de cours magistraux dispensés le matin par des professeurs d'université qui aborderont des éléments généraux, historiques et politiques

relatifs à la construction européenne. Les après-midis seront consacrés à des ateliers collaboratifs, des conférences ou des visites en relation avec la thématique annuelle. L'Université d'été, par sa collaboration avec la Formation universitaire à distance, Suisse, bénéficiera des nouvelles technologies d'enseignement (plateforme d'échanges, blog, etc.).

Localisation – La localisation de cette université d'été en Valais ne doit rien au hasard. Le Valais est en effet une terre de passage située en plein cœur de l'Europe. Non seulement bilingue, cette région représente une étape privilégiée entre le nord et le sud de l'Europe. Ses atouts culturels, géographiques et historiques offrent un cadre unique pour aborder les thèmes traités par cette université d'été. Les participants logeront au Château Mercier, résidence d'une famille protestante de l'Aveyron (France) qui trouva refuge en Suisse au milieu du XVIII^e siècle et participa à l'essor économique du pays. Les cours se tiendront au Techno-Pôle de Sierre, parc d'activités scientifiques et technologiques créé en 1989 par des entrepreneurs sierrois. Il regroupe quelque 40 entreprises innovantes dans le domaine de l'informatique et de la communication.

Contact : eurouni@unifr.ch

Délai d'inscription : 30 avril 2011

Summer School on the European Decision-Making Process: Summerschool jointly organised by the Institute for European Studies of the Vrije Universiteit Brussel, the Diplomatic Academy of Vienna and the University of Vienna
Monday 4 - Saturday 16 July 2011
[<http://www.ies.be/summerschool/>]

Two weeks of intensive study on the European decision-making process, geared towards students that have a background in (international) politics and/or (European) law. Inter-University programme: Study one week in the heart of Europe, i.e. at the Institute for European Studies of the Vrije Universiteit Brussel, where the theory of the decision-making process can be translated into practice: students will get a theoretical framework linked to study visits to the European Commission, the Parliament, and the Council. The one week study in Brussels is complemented with a one week study/workshop at the Diplomatic Academy of Vienna, in collaboration with the University of Vienna. The Summer School will be concluded with simulation exercises involving all participants.

Course Content: History and Institutions of the European Union, The European Decision-Making Process, The decision-making process in Economic and Monetary Issues, The decision-making process in the field of Justice, Freedom and Security, The decision-making process in CFSP, The role of the Social and Economic Committee, The role of the Committee of the Regions, Legal and constitutional issues, Lobbying and interest groups, visit to the European Parliament, visit to the European Council, visit to the Belgian Federal Parliament: European issues, introduction to conflict theory and negotiation and, as mentioned above, simulation exercises to conclude.

Registration fee is set at €1950 and includes daily lunches in Brussels and Vienna, travel from Brussels to Vienna by plane (one way) and study visits. It does not include housing. However, we strongly recommend you to enroll for our additional accommodation programme both in Brussels and in Vienna. We do understand, though, that people living

in Brussels or Vienna may wish to stay at their own place. A limited amount of stipends are available in the form of a tuition waiver.

Deadline for registration: 20 April 2011

**Prague Summer Schools, Prague Centre for Public Policy,
2-9 July 2011**

[www.praguesummerschools.org]

The Prague's Centre for Public Policy (Centrum pro verejnou politiku - CPVP) is pleased to announce the forthcoming Prague Summer Schools 2011 on the following topics:

- **European Summer Institute on the Future of Europe: Lobbying in Brussels**

The aim of the European Summer Institute is to provide students with an opportunity to deepen their own expertise by enhancing their knowledge of changing European Union (EU) politics and exchanging ideas with academics, EU policy practitioners and fellow students from different cultural environments.

Two full-fledged academic courses will be taught during the seven-day intensive academic program. The first part of the program will focus on the main aspects of European integration and evolution of the EU institutions. The future of enlarged European Union and the need for the EU institutional overhaul will be also addressed. The second part will discuss the role of the separate EU actors in the decision making process and lobbying mechanisms employed. Each course consists of eight lectures/workshops, two guest lectures, summary session, and final exam. Despite the heavy course schedule, students will also have a chance to share experiences in less formal environment.

For more information, see: <http://esi.cpvp.cz/>

- **Summer School on Cultural Dimensions of Politics in Europe**

The idea of the Summer School is to offer students a variety of perspectives on symbolic and discursive construction of European political and social processes as well as European identities. These perspectives will allow students to gain cultural sensitivity and reflexivity, which no doubt are crucially important for successfully functioning in contemporary knowledge economies as well as global civil society.

The idea of the CDPE Summer School is also to allow young people from Europe and the world to meet and discuss the cultural aspects of European integration and to enrich each others' understanding of these processes by introducing varying perspectives. The free time spent together while the School lasts will be as important as classes.

For more information, see: <http://cdpe.cpvp.cz/>

The Prague Summer Schools are (delivered as) seven-day academic programs designed to bring together undergraduate and graduate students of various nationalities and academic backgrounds to enjoy their summer holidays in the unique academic and cultural environment. Prague Summer Schools has lots to offer for every student: Please chose the program according to your field of study or your interests and spend a socially and culturally intensive, as well as academically challenging week in Prague!

Final Deadline is May 13, 2011.

Should you have any questions regarding the Prague Summer Schools or application process, please do not hesitate to contact us at:

Prague Summer Schools

Center for Public Policy

Vyjezdova 510

190 11 Prague 9

Czech Republic

Tel: +420 737 679 605

E-mail: info@praguesummerschools.org

**6th ECPR Summer School in Methods and Techniques, "Social Science Methods: Between Unity, Diversity, and Complementarity",
Ljubljana, 29 July – 13 August 2011**

[<http://www.ecprnet.eu/summerschools/Ljubljana/courses.asp>]

The ECPR Summer School in Methods and Techniques provides high quality up-to-date training in a broad range of specially selected methods across the whole spectrum of approaches employed within the Social Sciences.

Its courses emphasise those methods which are particularly salient for research questions in political science and neighbouring disciplines, as well as dealing with all stages of a project and catering to the needs of research set at the macro and at the micro level. It covers both "quantitative" and "qualitative" designs as well as more positivist and interpretative perspectives.

The Summer School comprises an intensive programme of seminars and lab sessions which require strong commitment from participants. The teaching language is English therefore all participants must be fluent in spoken English.

The refresher courses consist of three teaching days each of which is scheduled to last six hours. The main courses will consist of either five or ten teaching days and three hours teaching is scheduled for each day. In addition participants will be given from three to four hours' additional work (reading and supplementary practical work) each day. As is previous years, we plan to organise a lively plenary and social programme.

The full course programme consists of:

- 6 refresher courses;
- 13 two-week full courses;
- 4 + 4 one-week full course modules.

Registration :<http://www.ecprnet.eu/myecpr/login.asp>

For the first time this year, participants attending the ECPR Summer School in Methods and Techniques can benefit from a discount of 20% on flights when travelling with Adria Airlines.

**2011 Virginia Summer School on Interest Groups Politics: Global Advocacy,
University of Virginia, 4-11 July 2011**

[<http://batten.virginia.edu/GlobalAdvocacy.html>]

The Summer School on Interest Group Politics is a new initiative of the ECPR Standing Group on Interest Groups. Three schools, to be organized in 2010-2011-2012, aim to provide students of political science and public administration sound knowledge about these organized interests and their impact on public policy making.

The 2nd Annual Summer School on Interest Group Politics will be hosted at the Batten School of Leadership & Public Policy at the University of Virginia (US) July 4-11, 2011. This is the first time an ECPR summer school has ever been held outside Europe – it is fitting that the ECPR Standing Group on Interest Groups would organize this summer school just outside of Washington DC - the other major global power center - since this year's theme is "Global Advocacy."

Policies emanating from the EU and the US have global impacts – these two power centers set global standards, shape global institutions, influence global markets, and determine global politics. It is critical students of advocacy have a better understanding of the important new developments and strategies of lobbying on global issues and in international arenas.

Drawing on the expertise of some of the most influential scholars working on the topic, the 2011 Summer School will explore the strategies and influence of interest groups engaged on "global issues" whether those groups are targeting policymakers in the US, the EU; the WTO, the UN, the IMF, the World Bank, multinational corporations (MNCs) or third country governments, especially those countries with less than democratic governance structures.

We will focus on three key aspects of Global Advocacy: venue selection, advocacy strategies and influence.

I. With globalization comes a remarkable growth in the number of venues or institutions before which interest groups can argue their positions. We will discuss how and why interest groups obtain access to various political institutions.

II. This explosion in possible venues, coupled with the growth of international and transnational NGOs, and the expansion of transnational advocacy networks, leads to a much more complex operating environment – with more opportunities but also more constraints. We will consider the political strategies groups employ including: issue prioritization, framing and argumentation, inside and outside tactic selection, media outreach and networking and coalition formation.

III. Concerted efforts by networks of like-minded activists have brought about significant policy change, be it the end of human rights abuses by the Argentine government; forcing global financial institutions like the World Bank to consider indigenous rights and environmental impacts; compelling multinational companies to stop dangerous marketing practices like the Nestle boycott campaign or getting gender-based violence on the global agenda. We will explore when global campaigns have been successful, when they have not and why.

Programme Fee: The program fee for students is € 600 and has to be paid within 14 days after confirmation. The fee includes accommodation, lunches, course material and the social programme. Attendees will be responsible for their own transportation costs to and from the University of Virginia. You will receive a notification whether you are admitted to the summer school by mid April. Payment of the attendance fee will confirm your participation. Students from outside the US who need a visa are expected to pay their fee within two weeks after they received their visa permit.

Scholarships: We have a very limited number of scholarships available. Only students who cannot apply for grants at their home institution or elsewhere are eligible to these scholarships. It is expected that you try to find scholarships yourself (see ECPR website for this). If you would like to apply for a scholarship, please indicate this below in addition to directly contacting the directors of the summer school, Prof. Christine Mahoney or Prof. Beyers

Registration procedure and deadline: Applications can be submitted by completing the online registration form, which will be open from 01-12-2010 till **31-03-2011**. Participants will be selected based on a letter stating their motivation to take part in the summer school, two references, a short CV, and a paper proposal (maximum 2 pages) to be discussed during the summer school. Applicants will be notified mid April whether their application has been successful.

After receiving the automatic confirmation mail of your application, please send an e-mail to sgig.ecpr@ua.ac.be with the contact details of two references of your institution. Keep in mind that they should be aware of the fact that you are applying for this summer school, and that they can be contacted by the summer school secretariat if deemed necessary.

Deadline: 30 March 2011

**Empirical Implications of Theoretical Models Europe Summer Institute 2011,
University of Mannheim, June 26 - July 9**

[http://eitm.sowi.uni-mannheim.de/english/about/what_is_eitm/index.html]

The objective of EITM is to evaluate the explanatory power of theoretical models and to equip junior researchers with the most sophisticated tools of analysis that enable them to conduct their research at the highest scholarly level. Andrew Martin and Randy Calvert (WashU) will teach the Theoretical and Methodological Foundation classes, followed by Michael Laver (New York University) on Agent Based Modeling. Will Lowe and Sven-Oliver Proksch (University of Mannheim) will teach the final class on Quantitative Analysis of Political Texts. Additionally, we offer a refresher course in Mathematics and R taught by Martin Elff (Essex).

Application: We welcome all applications by graduate students and junior faculty interested in formal theory and empirical analysis. The program is primarily directed towards political scientists but we very much welcome applications from other fields of social sciences. Prior training in both game theory and statistics is necessary to follow the courses. Ideally, applicants should have completed courses in these areas before participation. In addition, applicants should be willing to do prepare quite extensive readings before coming to Mannheim. Knowledge in R is also required and applicants are expected to have obtained basic knowledge before the beginning of the courses.

Graduate students who would benefit most from the program would have some training in both formal methodology and quantitative analysis, with advanced training in at least one of those, would have passed all exams, and would be well along in the dissertation project but able still to incorporate improvements enabled by the program. Likewise, applications from junior faculty looking to improve the dissertation for publication in a direction that incorporates EITM advances would be welcome. These describe the ideal applicants; interested students or junior faculty should not refrain from applying due to some perceived shortfall on any of these dimensions.

The *application deadline* for the June 2011 summer institute is *April 4, 2011*. Please make sure to send all necessary documents until this date. Applications that arrive after the deadline will not be considered. The applications will be processed within two weeks. Tuition is 1000 Euros. Another 500 Euros will be charged for Accommodation in double rooms. The tuition has to be payed upon acceptance to the program. Participants have to cover their travel costs. Let us know if we can be of any help if you apply for funding individually at other institutions.

Candidates should submit the following:

- A curriculum vitae with name, contact information, current location, and position
- A short, 1-2 page statement of why you would like to participate in the program
- A transcript (optional)
- One or two letters of endorsement. Please indicate the names and contact details of your references in your application. Applicants should make sure that the letters of endorsement arrive by the deadline. Otherwise we won't be able to consider them. Preferably, the letters should be send directly by the referees either by email or by mail.

Application materials can be send via email to eitm@uni-mannheim.de in pdf format.

*Tuition :*Participants are required to pay a tuition fee of 1000 Euros. This fee covers the courses. We charge additional 500 Euros for accommodation in a nearby hotel.

Please note that travel costs are not covered by the tuition fee. Participants have to make travel arrangements individually. For questions and assistance regarding the travel please contact the EITM Europe Organization team (eitm@uni-mannheim.de).

Deadline: 4 April 2011

**Summer School in Comparative and Transnational History: Theories, Methodology and Case Studies,
European University Institute, Florence, Italy, 12-15 September 2011**

[<http://www.eui.eu/DepartmentsAndCentres/HistoryAndCivilization/SummerSchool/Index.aspx>]

Are you convinced that national history and its approaches are limited? Do you want to look beyond the nation in which you live? In this case, you may be interested in attending the HEC 2011 Summer School which will take place in one of the most evocative places in Florence: Villa Schifanoia.

The Department of History and Civilization at the European University Institute is a major centre of comparative and transnational European history. The courses will allow you to continue and to broaden your research interests in this field. Well-known specialists from the European University Institute and from other European outstanding institutions will present interesting ways of writing the history of Europe as well as raising important questions on its development.

You will have the opportunity to meet our researchers, who are preparing their Ph.Ds. in this European institution, participate in a seminar in this centre of excellence, visit the Library, the Historical Archives of the European Union and have find out about how to apply to the European University Institute. Most courses are held in English, but also other EU languages are accepted. In the evening, you will have the opportunity to visit Florence, one of the most beautiful towns of the world!

How to Apply: Send the completed application form and a letter giving your field of interest and reasons for attending the Summer School as e-mail attachment to HEC.SummerSchool@eui.eu

Eligibility: Participants should be students of history, the social sciences and related fields of any nationality. Participants should be graduates or students in their last year. Enrolment numbers are limited and admission is based on merit.

Accommodation, Daily Allowance and Insurance: Hotel accommodation is provided in rooms shared with other participant/s) and an allowance of €30 per day for five days. Travel expenses are not paid. Participants must have their own medical insurance and pay any medical fees themselves. Small supplementary grants may be awarded to students from CEE countries.

Deadline: 15 May 2011

Cours d'été Droit et politique de l'immigration et de l'asile de l'Union européenne

Université libre de Bruxelles, 5-14 juillet 2011

[<http://dev.ulb.ac.be/assoc/odysseus/summerschool/formulaire.php?langue=FR>]

L'objectif du cours d'été européen est de fournir aux participants une connaissance globale de la politique d'immigration et d'asile de l'Union européenne d'un point de vue juridique. Le programme est organisé par le " Réseau académique d'études juridiques sur l'immigration et l'asile en Europe " fondé avec le soutien financier du programme Odysseus de la Commission européenne et coordonné par l'Institut d'Etudes européennes de l'Université Libre de Bruxelles. Les cours offrent à la fois l'opportunité d'évoluer dans un environnement européen unique, Bruxelles abritant de nombreuses organisations internationales et européennes offrant de multiples possibilités de contacts, et de vivre une expérience intellectuelle stimulante dans un groupe de plusieurs dizaines de personnes spécialisées dans le domaine de l'immigration ou de l'asile provenant de toute l'Union européenne. Les cours sont dispensés par les professeurs issus des universités participant au Réseau qui est représenté dans vingt cinq Etats membres de l'Union européenne ainsi que la Suisse et la Norvège et, par des professionnels de haut niveau issus d'organisations internationales, en particulier la Commission européenne. Les cours sont en principe donnés séparément en anglais d'un côté et en français de l'autre. La participation au cours d'été est sanctionnée par un certificat d'assiduité.

Les cours qui sont d'ordre juridique sont en prise directe avec l'actualité la plus récente. Les plus récents travaux de la Commission européenne, du Conseil des ministres et du Parlement européen sont intégrés aux enseignements, notamment grâce à la participation de fonctionnaires européens comme conférenciers dans le cadre des cours. Une importante documentation mise à jour sera remise à chacun des participants.

Conditions d'admission : Afin de pouvoir suivre des enseignements techniques au point de vue juridique, les candidats doivent avoir une certaine formation juridique. Pour être admissibles, les candidats doivent avoir un diplôme universitaire (Baccalauréat ou équivalent) en droit, sciences politiques ou relations internationales (d'autres disciplines, par exemple sociologie, seront prises en considération en fonction des spécificités des programmes d'enseignement nationaux) ou une pratique professionnelle dans le domaine en tant que fonctionnaire, animateur d'une ONG,..... Les personnes intéressées sont priées de contacter le secrétariat du réseau ou de remplir le formulaire de candidature disponible sur le site internet du réseau. Une sélection sur mérites sera effectuée en cas d'afflux de candidatures qui seront éventuellement soumises pour avis au membre du Réseau de l'Etat dont elles proviennent.

Contact : Les personnes intéressées sont priées de s'inscrire en remplissant le formulaire disponible en ligne. En cas de besoin, vous pouvez également contacter le secrétariat du Réseau de préférence par courriel.

Université Libre de Bruxelles
Réseau Odysseus Network
C.P. 172
39, Roosevelt Avenue
1050 Brussels
Belgium

Email: odysseus@ulb.ac.be

Publications Publications

Ouvrages Books

Généralités

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Élise AUVACHEZ, « *Citoyennisation* » et consolidation d'entités supranationales : les cas de l'Union européenne et de l'Organisation des Nations Unies, thèse pour le doctorat en science politique sous la direction de Jane Jenson.

Jury : Jean-Philippe Thérien (Université de Montréal), Jane Jenson (Université de Montréal), Denis Saint-Martin (Université de Montréal), Willem Maas (Collège Glendon – Université York) et Samir Saul (Université de Montréal)

Résumé :

Le contexte contemporain est marqué dans la sphère politique par la multiplication des paliers de régulation. Une nouvelle structure de gestion des affaires publiques a émergé, caractérisée par la superposition, ou plutôt l'enchevêtrement, des institutions nationales, des entités infra-étatiques et des organisations supranationales (à caractère régional et international). L'État, tout en conservant un rôle privilégié, ne détient plus le monopole de la production de politiques ; la sphère nationale n'est plus le seul locus de la vie politique.

De telles dynamiques de changement n'ont pas laissé inchangés les contours de la citoyenneté, élément central de la régulation du politique. Les années 90 ont ainsi vu émerger une prolifération d'analyses concernant la dimension de plus en plus post/trans/supra-nationale, voire globale, de la citoyenneté ; selon ces travaux, le *locus* de la citoyenneté est de moins en moins national et de plus en plus supranational.

La thèse cherche à dépasser cette problématique du *locus* à partir d'une conception multiple et dynamique de la citoyenneté ; celle-ci est considérée comme une construction dont les contours mouvants évoluent dans le temps et l'espace. Les individus ne sont pas citoyens « par nature » ; ils le deviennent à travers un processus de « *citoyennisation* », au fur et à mesure que des entités politiques se constituent et se consolident. Les structures institutionnelles et les politiques publiques progressivement mises en place au sein des entités politiques supranationales créent des liens de citoyenneté avec les individus, et la nature de ces liens se transforme au fur et à mesure que les structures institutionnelles et politiques changent. C'est une analyse contextualisée de ces processus de « *citoyennisation* » en cours au niveau supranational que propose la thèse.

Dans cette perspective, elle s'interroge sur la signification des développements récents qui ont marqué l'Union européenne et l'Organisation des Nations Unies pour la construction d'une citoyenneté supranationale. Piliers importants de la structure de régulation multi-niveaux caractérisant la sphère politique contemporaine, ces deux entités se sont ces dernières années engagées dans un processus de réformes institutionnelles profondes. En s'appuyant notamment sur les concepts de « régime de citoyenneté » et de « gouvernance » et un cadre théorique institutionnaliste, la thèse propose une analyse de l'impact des changements institutionnels en cours au sein des Nations Unies et de l'Union européenne en termes de *citoyennisation*.

Mots-clés : Citoyennisation - Union européenne - Organisation des Nations Unies - Régime de citoyenneté - Gouvernance - Citoyenneté européenne - Citoyenneté active - Participation - *Institution-building* - Institutionnalisme.

Corina STRATULAT, *Europe as an Issue Dimension in the Party Politics of the Central East European Candidate States*, thèse pour le doctorat en science politique sous la direction de Peter Mair.

Soutenue le 4 février 2011 à l'Institut Universitaire Européen (Florence, Italie).

Jury : Prof. László Bruszt (IUE), Prof. Alina Mungiu-Pippidi (Hertie School of Governance), Prof. Hans Keman (Free University of Amsterdam) et Prof. Peter MAIR (IUE).

Résumé :

This thesis focuses on political party discourses and developments vis-à-vis European integration in the former CEE candidate states for EU membership, with particular attention to the case of Romania. Exploring the domestic dimension of these countries' accession provides insights into policy-making, party strategies, and party interaction in the post-communist context. The key objective of the project is to examine a number of factors inspired by the Western experience that drive the responses of political parties in regard to European integration. More specifically, the relevance of parties' (1) ideology, (2) relations to electorates, and (3) interactions within the party system make the purpose of investigation here. First, the role of ideology is scrutinised across the CEE region using statistical methods as well as a combination of party manifestos and expert survey data. The main conclusion to be drawn from the CEE analysis is that parties' ideological makeup represents a necessary yet insufficient consideration for how parties react to Europe. Therefore, the thesis suggests that in order to arrive at a more compelling explanation of parties' EU attitudes, the importance of electoral links and competition for office needs to be factored into the discussion, alongside political ideology. Given a series of methodological constraints and opportunities, the dynamic interaction between these three factors in influencing parties' European stances is assessed in the case of Romania. This in-depth study relies on secondary literature, different opinion polls, and qualitative information from various party and media materials in order to map five Romanian political parties ideologically, establish their party-type, and review their European orientations. The overall conclusion of the Romanian case study is that only the interplay between the three features – parties' ideology, their relationship with voters, and inter-party strategies – can offer a reliable guide to the positions adopted by political parties toward EU integration.

Camille MAZE, *Mettre l'Europe au musée : une affaire d'État ? Ethnographie et sociohistoire du chantier des « musées de l'Europe » (1980-2010)*, Thèse pour le doctorat en sciences sociales, mention études politiques.

Soutenue le 22 octobre 2010 à l'École normale supérieure de Paris,

Jury :Alban BENSA (EHESS), Pascale LABORIER (Université Jules Verne, Amiens), codirectrice de la thèse, Marie-Claire LAVABRE (CNRS), rapporteur, Michel OFFERLÉ (Ecole normale supérieure), co-directeur de la thèse, Dominique POULOT (Université Paris-1 Panthéon Sorbonne), rapporteur, et Michael WERNER (EHESS), président du jury.

Résumé :

L'avènement des « musées de l'Europe » semble annoncer la disparition d'un modèle solidement institué d'outils de représentation symbolique de la nation (les

musées d'ethnologie et d'histoire nationales) ou venir s'y ajouter, et engendrer, de ce fait, l'apparition d'instruments « identitaires » européens. En quoi ces musées incarnent une innovation, un changement de modèle ? Pourquoi et pour qui sont-ils ou non un problème, ici et maintenant ? Incarnent-ils une forme d'abolition ou détournée de sauvetage, de revalorisation d'un modèle d'institution culturelle nationale, dans la mesure où ils en sont les héritiers directs et dans la mesure où leurs acteurs réaffirment la croyance dans la force performative – identitaire – de l'institution muséale ?

Visant à traiter ces interrogations, la thèse consiste en l'étude du processus, en cours, de production de musées de culture et d'histoire dédiés à l'Europe, abordé à travers nombre de questions corolaires qui nous ont permis d'avoir prise sur cet objet et ce terrain mouvant, multi-site et multi-temps. En quoi consistent ces musées, ouverts au public, restés à l'état de projet ou en cours de création ? Par qui sont-ils voulus, réalisés, financés ? Sur quoi reposent-ils en termes de collections, de « patrimoine » ? Qu'expose-t-il et que font-ils ? Pourquoi et comment les « musées de l'Europe » sont-ils au nombre de plusieurs ? Découlent-ils d'une volonté politique ou de plusieurs, et desquelles ? Quelles sont les stratégies d'action mises en œuvre pour réaliser les projets ? En éclairant ces questions, nous renseignons sur les conditions sociales et institutionnelles d'une certaine forme d'europeanisation – que nous avons appelée europeanisation culturelle pour mieux l'interroger –, à travers l'étude empirique d'un cas spécifique : la transformation contemporaine de musées d'ethnologie et d'histoire nationales et la création *ex nihilo* de « musées de l'Europe », à l'œuvre dans plusieurs pays européens depuis la fin des années 1980. L'objet du questionnement est de comprendre comment, pourquoi et par qui est construite et tente d'être institutionnalisée cette (nouvelle ?) catégorie muséale qui se révèle être hautement problématique et floue.

L'on sait que les responsables des institutions communautaires et européennes élaborent des outils, des programmes et des produits destinés à développer le sentiment d'appartenance à la "communauté imaginée" européenne, en privilégiant une action sur la culture, l'histoire et la mémoire. L'on pouvait donc logiquement penser, que les « musées de l'Europe » émergents relèvent de ce processus, de cette politique « d'identité » à l'échelle européenne. Nous avons voulu le vérifier. Ce faisant, nous nous sommes trouvé confrontée à un véritable chantier, dans les divers sens du terme.

C'est sur ce chantier, matériel et symbolique, que nous avons évolué sur plusieurs années, en menant une enquête ethnographique et sociohistorique, rythmée par des observations et des participations *in situ*, des entretiens, un travail sur archives récentes et vivantes, la visite de musées et d'expositions, une veille médiatique permanente, afin d'identifier et de mettre en perspective les acteurs, les groupes, les processus, les activités, les opérations concrètes qui aspirent à « mettre l'Europe au musée » et à créer des institutions entièrement consacrées à cette fin. Mise en pratique de façon croisée et transversale, cette approche nous a permis de restituer et de comprendre la genèse, l'historicité et l'actualité de cette catégorie en formation, constitués par plusieurs musées ou projets de musées avortés ou en cours, unis par un même critère : être déclarés, par leurs acteurs, « musées de l'Europe »¹. Ces « musées », incomparables entre eux termes à termes, ont été appréhendés à travers leurs croisements et transferts plus que par stricte comparaison, afin de saisir la dynamique à l'œuvre à la fois dans sa dimension européenne (internationale et transnationale) et dans ses ancrages nationaux et locaux. A ce titre, une attention particulière a été accordée au « Réseau des musées de l'Europe », à ses membres et à ses non-membres, pour comprendre comment tente d'être structurée (organisée) et institutionnalisée cette catégorie muséale naissante.

¹Il s'agit du Musée de l'Union (Luxembourg), du Musée des Cultures Européennes (Berlin), du Musée de l'Europe (Bruxelles), du Musée historique allemand (Berlin), du Musée des Civilisations de l'Europe et de la Méditerranée (Marseille, dans sa première version), du *Bauhaus Europa* (Aix la Chapelle), du *Museion per l'Europa* (Turin), du Lieu d'Europe (Strasbourg), du Musée européen (Schengen), de la Maison de l'Histoire de l'Europe (Bruxelles).

Dans la première partie (Sociogenèse des « musées de l'Europe »), nous nous intéressons aux facteurs endogènes et exogènes, macrosociologiques et microsociologiques, liés à l'émergence de l'idée de « mettre l'Europe au musée », sans postuler le primat d'un niveau sur l'autre, mais en entrecroisant les niveaux d'analyse. Cela nous permet d'en savoir plus sur la composition et les modalités de structuration de la catégorie naissante des « musées de l'Europe », que nous resituons dans les cadres temporels et spatiaux de son émergence. Ce faisant, nous comprenons que l'idée même est liée à des acteurs et à des institutions diverses, plus qu'à une politique muséale cohérente. Dans le premier chapitre (Au croisement de l'histoire muséale, de l'histoire des sciences et de l'histoire politique), nous revenons ainsi sur les conditions conjoncturelles qui ont favorisé l'impulsion et la prolifération, toutefois localisée dans le temps et dans l'espace, des projets de « musées de l'Europe ». Dans le deuxième chapitre (Pléthore de projets. Entre refondations et créations ex nihilo), nous découvrons qui sont les entrepreneurs de ces nouveaux musées (culturels, scientifiques, politiques, administratifs, économiques), en mettant au jour leurs positions et trajectoires sociales et professionnelles. Ici, nous marquons la distinction entre les cas de refondation et ceux de création *ex nihilo*, qui n'obéissent pas tout à fait aux mêmes règles.

Dans la deuxième partie (Les images de l'Europe : la muséalisation en idées et en pratiques), nous nous intéressons à la mise en œuvre des projets de « musées de l'Europe » et aux modalités concrètes d'entrée de l'Europe au musée. Dans le troisième chapitre (La division sociale du travail de représentation de l'Europe au musée), nous expliquons pourquoi « l'Europe » peut être considérée, dans l'analyse, comme un objet muséal non identifié, en analysant notamment les divergences de vue et les facteurs agissant sur la production des *images* de « l'Europe ». Dans le quatrième chapitre (Plus que des musées, des centres d'interprétation de l'Europe. Simple question de terminologie ?), nous nous postons du point de vue des enjeux de collection, d'exposition et d'incarnation de l'Europe, en pénétrant dans les coulisses des musées et des équipes de conception.

Dans la troisième partie (De l'illusion au désenchantement : les difficultés d'institutionnalisation), nous analysons les raisons des difficultés – ou de l'échec – des « musées de l'Europe » ; pour l'heure, cela s'entend au vu de l'actualité et de l'évolution quotidienne de l'objet. Dans le cinquième chapitre (Des « groupes d'intérêt » : entre désir d'influence et recherche des soutiens), le décryptage des montages opérationnels et des stratégies de justification, de communication et de séduction pour convaincre, qui accompagnent *le désir* d'institutionnalisation de ces nouveaux musées, permettent de voir quels registres, arguments et techniques de représentation sont utilisés pour « porter la voix » des « musées de l'Europe », de manière collective et individuellement, par projet. Dans le sixième chapitre (Entre absence de volonté politique et interventionnisme), en retraçant l'histoire des projets en regard des jeux politiques dans lesquels ils sont pris, nous montrons que les « musées de l'Europe » sont un objet politique problématique et chaud, à l'origine des difficultés que rencontrent leurs entrepreneurs. Cela tient aux enjeux symboliques, politiques, religieux, mais aussi économiques, inhérents à la muséalisation de « l'Europe », sur lesquels nous insistons dans ce chapitre.

À l'issue de ce développement, nous comprenons que les difficultés d'institutionnalisation des « musées de l'Europe » tiennent à deux phénomènes, entrecroisés. D'une part, « l'Europe » semble être un objet inapproprié au musée, et d'autre part, le musée, en tant qu'institution culturelle, semble rivé à l'échelon national, notamment en termes de dépendance vis-à-vis des structures administratives et politiques nationales. Il apparaît, dans sa forme *traditionnelle*, inadapté pour représenter la nouvelle forme de pouvoir qu'incarne l'Union européenne et l'horizon culturel et civilisationnel que constitue, pour certains, « l'Europe ». Ainsi, les « musées de l'Europe » se révèlent être un signe, un symptôme, un instrument et un prisme d'observation et d'analyse privilégié de la « politique d'identité » européenne. Ils permettent de

comprendre quelles formes elle prend, de manière non linéaire, au sein et en dehors du giron des institutions politiques européennes et communautaires, pour elles ou au contraire, *contre* elles. Ainsi, dans cette thèse, nous abordons concrètement la question de savoir ce que les notions et les registres de culture, de civilisation, d'histoire, de peuple et de mémoire, posent comme problème(s) aux champs culturels, politiques et administratifs, dès lors qu'on tente de les penser et de les représenter « au-delà » du seul prisme du national. Apportant une contribution à la sociologie de l'action publique dans le domaine culturelle, à la sociologie des institutions, à la sociologie de l'europeanisation et à la sociologie des musées, cette thèse permet de comprendre pourquoi la culture est un objet particulier dans le processus identifié comme relevant de l'europeanisation des politiques publiques et invite à remettre cette notion même en question. C'est, finalement, un processus de production d'images de « l'Europe de la culture » polymorphe et paradoxal du point de vue de l'action publique, que la thèse met au jour.

Elizabeth SHEPPARD, *L'europeanisation des politiques de défense ? Les cas de la France et du Royaume-Uni 1995-2002*, Thèse pour le doctorat en science politique sous la direction de M. Christian Lequesne.

Soutenue le 14 décembre 2010 à l'Institut d'Etudes Politiques de Paris.

Jury: Christian Lequesne (CERI, Sciences Po Paris), Hélène Masson (FRS, Paris), Pierre Muller (CEE-Sciences Po Paris), Sabine Saurugger (Sciences Po Grenoble) (rapporteur), Frédéric Ramel (Université Paris-Sud 11) (rapporteur)

Résumé :

La politique de défense est restée traditionnellement en dehors des compétences de l'Union européenne (UE), demeurant une politique régaliennes sous l'autorité de l'Etat-nation. De multiples façons, cette « exception » de la défense a favorisé sa mise à l'écart de l'analyse des politiques publiques, et plus particulièrement des travaux consacrés aux politiques européennes. Néanmoins l'évolution du contexte sécuritaire depuis la chute du mur de Berlin a mis en avant le besoin de l'affranchir de cet exceptionnalisme pour aborder la défense avec les mêmes outils que toute autre politique publique. La modernisation des forces armées nationales et des politiques de défense en Europe à partir du milieu des années 1990, ainsi que la création inattendue d'une défense européenne, interrogent l'influence des acteurs hétéroclites à tous les niveaux de gouvernance dans l'Union européenne. La France et le Royaume-Uni ont réorganisé leurs forces armées sur les concepts d'interarmisation et d'interopérabilité et sur la mise en réseaux les sous-tendant, soulignant la priorité donnée aux opérations en coalitions multinationales. Bien que l'UE n'ait pas dicté ces évolutions, faute d'en avoir l'autorité légitime, elle a néanmoins servi de catalyseur pour ce changement de politique publique et a constitué un forum favorisant le transfert de politiques publiques grâce à des mécanismes tels que la socialisation. Cette étude de cas permet ainsi d'exposer par quels processus l'europeanisation des politiques publiques influence le domaine régalien de la politique de défense nationale, que ce soit par ses structures formelles ou par le jeu de réseaux informels.

Emplois, stages, post-doctorats Jobs, internships, postdoctorat

Associate Professor in Comparative Politics at the Department of Comparative Politics, University of Bergen

[<http://www.jobbnorge.no/job.aspx?jobid=72812>]

A position as Associate Professor in Comparative Politics is open at the Department of Comparative Politics, University of Bergen.

The Department of Comparative Politics offers an inspiring research environment for the study of political institutions, organizations, processes and behavior at the local, national and international level. The faculty and students at the department are active in academic debates nationally and internationally. Currently the Department administers two bachelor programs, in Comparative Politics and in European Studies, as well as a graduate program in Comparative Politics. The Department's academic activities are organized in four research groups:

- European Politics
- Welfare and Democracy
- Democracy and Development
- Research Methods

The successful applicant is expected to be part of and contribute to the research and academic community in one (or more) of these research groups. The position of Associate Professor at the Department of Comparative Politics includes in addition to research; teaching and supervision at the undergraduate and graduate level. A proven track record of attracting external research funding is given weight in the evaluation of applicants. The person we are searching must agree to participate in administrative work.

In order to assess the qualifications of the applicants, the candidates deemed most qualified based on an assessment of their written application and scientific work will be invited to Bergen for a trial lecture and interview with members of the Department.

Qualifications

Scientific merits and teaching experience must be documented. The successful applicant must have a doctorate in comparative politics or corresponding qualifications. Applicants must document ability to publish in the field of comparative politics in internationally recognised publications. The ability to initiate and manage research projects will be assessed. The evaluation of the scientific work will emphasize research published the last five years.

Weight will be placed on pedagogical skills. The evaluation of the candidate will be based on pedagogical qualifications, including pedagogical education/training, the presentation of academic work, and experience from supervising students, and teaching as well as other pedagogical matters. The development of teaching material will be considered.

Administrative experience and ability to disseminate research to a non-academic audience and participate in public debates will be considered. Ability to cooperate with students and staff shall be emphasized.

The teaching language is Norwegian and English (approximately 50% of our courses are taught in English). It is assumed that newly-employed staff in academic positions, who do not already master a Scandinavian language, are to obtain within three years knowledge of Norwegian or another Scandinavian language at an equivalent standard to level three in the Norwegian for Foreigners courses provided at the Department of Language and Communications. The University provides such course.

Basic teaching training is a requirement. The appointee to this position will be offered appropriate pedagogical training if this requirement has not been met previous to appointment.

About the position

Salary for associate professors starts at level 57 (code 1011/LR24.1) of the civil service pay scale; currently NOK 448.400,- gross, from which 2% amount an obligatory pension contribution will be deducted. In the case of particularly highly qualified applicants, a higher salary may be considered.

Women in particular are invited to apply. If, in the opinion of the evaluation committee, several applicants have approximately equivalent qualifications, the rules on equal opportunities laid down in the Personnel Regulations for Academic Positions will be applied.

State employment shall reflect the multiplicity of the population at large to the highest possible degree. The University of Bergen has therefore adopted a personnel policy objective to ensure that we achieve a balanced age and sex composition, and the recruitment of persons of various ethnic backgrounds. Persons of different ethnic backgrounds are therefore encouraged to apply for the position.

Information about the applicant may be made public even though the applicant has requested not to be named in the list of applicants. The applicant will be notified if his/her request is not respected.

The University of Bergen applies the principles of public transparency when recruiting staff to scientific positions.

The successful applicant must comply with the guidelines that apply to the position at any time.

Additional information about the position is obtainable from: Head of the Department, Professor Lise Rakner, email: Lise.Rakner@isp.uib.no, phone: +47 55 58 90 75.

We kindly ask the applicants to follow the guidelines for applicants for associate professors at the Faculty of Social Sciences. The guidelines are obtainable by contacting the faculty by email: post@svfa.uib.no. Practical questions regarding the application procedures can be directed to senior officer Beathe Moldestad by email: beathe.moldestad@svfa.uib.no, or phone +47 55 58 90 56.

Applicants are required to fill out personal information electronically by the link on this page "Apply for this job".

In addition the following information should be provided on three memory sticks by regular mail:

- Application that describes research and professional profile

- Curriculum vitae
- Scientific publications and a list of these
- Copies of certificates, diplomas, and testimonials

To: University of Bergen, The Faculty of Social Sciences, Post Box 7802, N-5020 Bergen, Norway.

A maximum of 10 published or unpublished scientific works (including the PhD dissertation) may be submitted either via memory sticks or in hard copy. Applicants are encouraged to inform whether certain works should be given special consideration.

The application has to be marked: 2011/413.

Applications sent by email will not be evaluated.

Closing date: March 30, 2011.

Postdoctoral fellow at the Department of Comparative Politics at the Department of Comparative Politics, University of Bergen

[<http://www.jobbnorge.no/job.aspx?jobid=72831>]

At the Department of Comparative Politics, University of Bergen, a Postdoctoral fellowship position is vacant. Total scholarship period is 3 years, 25% of which shall be dedicated to teaching, supervision and administrative tasks at the Department.

The Department of Comparative Politics offers an inspiring research environment for the study of political institutions, organizations, processes and behavior at the local, national and international level. Our research covers Asia, Africa, Latin America, the US and Europe. The faculty and students at the department are active in academic debates nationally and internationally. Currently the Department administers a bachelor and master program in Comparative Politics and a bachelor program in European Studies.

The research in the Department of Comparative Politics is organized in research groups and the proposed Postdoctoral project is expected to be related to one of the research groups at the Department:

- Welfare and Democracy
- Democracy and Development
- Research Methods
- European Politics

The announced Postdoctoral Fellowship is open to a wide range of comparative political themes. Before writing the research proposal, applicants should consult and make themselves familiar with the Department's research profile, please see <http://www.uib.no/sampol/en>.

Applicants must have achieved a PhD in Political Science with a specialty in Comparative Politics. We are primarily looking for applicants who hold a PhD degree that has been received between 2008 and March 2011, but will accept applications from applicants who have submitted their PhDs. It is a prerequisite that the dissertation has been approved before appointment is granted.

A postdoctoral position is a temporary appointment. The objective of postdoctoral positions at Norwegian universities is to qualify the holders for senior positions in their respective disciplines. It is not possible for any person to work under more than one temporary appointment for the same institution. Fixed-term period for this position is three years.

Applicants should provide a research proposal (5-8 pages) for the post doctoral position, including a time schedule for the total three-year period, and a publication plan. The proposed project must be completed during the period of engagement as a postdoctoral fellow

We are looking for applicants with solid experience in theoretical and empirical comparative research. In the selection process emphasis will be put on the academic qualifications, especially the doctoral thesis, the academic quality and originality of the proposed research project and finally, an assessment of the proposed project in view of its possibility for completion in the given period and with the available resources. The Postdoctoral Fellow will conduct his/her own research within the program as well as participate in different research activities of the Department.

Applicants may be invited for a personal interview and trial lecture.

For further information about the Postdoctoral Fellowship, please contact Head of Department, Professor Lise Rakner (lise.rakner@isp.uib.no), phone: 47 55 589075 or Associate Professor Elisabeth Ivarsflaten (Elisabeth.ivarsflaten@isp.uib.no), phone: 47 55 58 24 60.

Practical questions regarding the application procedures can be directed to Senior officer at the Social Science Faculty Administration Beathe Moldestad, phone 55 58 90 56, email: beathe.moldestad@svfa.uib.no.

Salaries start at level 57 (code 1352) on the government salary scale (corresponding to NOK 448.400,- per year), following ordinary merit regulations. For particularly qualified candidates, a higher level may be considered.

The working languages of the Department of Comparative Politics are English and Norwegian, but we do not require of the Fellows to be able to teach in Norwegian.

State employment shall to the highest possible degree reflect the diversity of the population at large. We have therefore adopted a personnel policy objective to ensure that a balanced age and sex composition and the recruitment of persons of various ethnic backgrounds are achieved. Persons of minority backgrounds are encouraged to apply.

Information about the applicant may be made public even though the applicant has requested not to be named in the list of applicants. The applicant will be notified if his/her request is not respected.

The University of Bergen applies the principles of public transparency when recruiting staff to scientific positions.

The successful applicant must comply with the guidelines that apply to the position at any time.

Applicants are required to fill out personal information electronically by the link on this page "Apply for this job" by March 30, 2011.

In addition the following information should be provided on three memory sticks, or in hard copy sent by regular mail:

- A short application
- Current curriculum vitae (maximum 3 pages) including contact details of two personal references
- Research plan outlining research and publication plans spanning the Fellowships three year period (5-8 pages)
- Copies of diplomas and references
- The dissertation and a maximum of three other publications

To: The University of Bergen, the Faculty of Social Sciences, P.O. Box 7802, N-5020 Bergen, Norway.

The application has to be marked: 11/436.

Applications sent by email will not be evaluated.

Closing date: March 30, 2011.

Chercheur sur les questions énergétiques, Institut Français des Relations Internationales (IFRI) à Bruxelles

[<http://www.ifri.org/index.php?a=b&lang=fr>]

L'Institut Français des Relations Internationales recrute un chercheur sur les questions énergétiques (cinq ans d'expérience sur ces sujets sont demandés). Basé dans le bureau de l'Ifri à Bruxelles, votre champ de travail couvrira les politiques énergétiques européennes et les régulations associées à la gouvernance de l'énergie. Votre domaine d'expertise inclura l'intégration du marché européen de l'énergie et la politique extérieure énergétique.

Le candidat retenu aura démontré des qualités de rigueur et de persévérance, aura une excellente connaissance de l'anglais et du français tant à l'écrit qu'à l'oral, et devra pouvoir s'intégrer à une équipe et travailler en étroite coopération avec ses collaborateurs.

Un troisième cycle universitaire ou équivalent dans les domaines de l'énergie, de l'économie ou en sciences politiques est essentiel.

Envoyer CV et lettre de motivation à jaureguy@ifri.org

Postdoctoral fellowships at the Research College "The Transformative Power of Europe"

[<http://www.transformeurope.eu/>]

Fellowships: 6 postdoctoral fellowships

Date/duration: 10 months fellowships starting October 2011

The Research College (Kolleg-Forschergruppe) "The Transformative Power of Europe. External and Internal Diffusion of Ideas in the European Union", directed by Profs. Tanja Börzel and Thomas Risse, advertises up to 6 post-doctoral fellows. We particularly encourage applications on projects located in the field of comparative regionalism.

The fellows should have their PhD in hand by the fall of 2011. The duration of the fellowship is 10 months (October 1, 2011 - July 31, 2012) with the possibility to reapply. The stipend amounts to € 30.000 annually (including travelling expenses).

The following materials should be submitted:

- CV and list of publications;
- Proposal for a post-doctoral project;
- Transcripts of degrees and other relevant material;
- Two letters of reference.

Please send your application to the following address:

Freie Universität Berlin
Otto-Suhr-Institute for Political Science
Research College „Transformative Power of Europe“
Prof. Dr. Tanja A. Börzel and Prof. Dr. Thomas Risse
Ihnestr. 26
D-14195 Berlin
Germany

Or via email to: transform-europe@fu-berlin.de

Deadline for Applications: 1 April 2011

Bourses, allocations de recherche, prix Scholarships, grants, prizes

PhD studentship in European Studies

Centre for European Studies, University of Dublin, Trinity College - **School of Languages, Literatures and Cultural Studies**

[http://www.tcd.ie/Graduate_Studies/prospectivestudents/awards/index.php]

Applications are invited for a three-year PhD studentship in the field of European Studies in the School of Languages, Literatures and Cultural Studies at Trinity College Dublin. European Studies is represented in Trinity College through undergraduate (BA) and postgraduate (MPhil) degree programmes which are wide-ranging and multidisciplinary, addressing the history, cultures, languages and politics of European nations. The Centre for European Studies (http://www.tcd.ie/European_Studies/) is in the process of building a stronger research profile, with the establishment of a research centre as a key component of this development. The creation of a PhD studentship is one part of this process, and will allow the successful candidate the opportunity to conduct research on an aspect of European cultural history (understood broadly) from an inter-disciplinary perspective.

Comparative (and/or transnational) approaches and cross-disciplinary projects are particularly welcome. Preference may be given to candidates focusing on Central, Eastern and South-Eastern Europe in modern times (19th and 20th century) and addressing one of the following topics: rituals, cults and nation-building in modern political regimes; symbolic politics and propaganda in Communist systems; the construction, transmission and popular perception of myths and ideologies; the Sovietisation process in Eastern Europe after the Second World War. However, any application that comes under the remit of European Studies will be considered, provided that the Centre for European Studies has the expertise to supervise the topic.

The studentship covers full EU or non-EU fees and annual maintenance of €8,000 for 3 years.

Admissions Criteria

Applicants will be expected to have a first or upper second class honours undergraduate degree in the relevant field, and preferably also a Masters degree (completed or near completion). Applicants should also have advanced knowledge of a European language other than English. To be eligible for the studentship a candidate must also meet certain academic criteria as outlined on the website of the TCD Graduate Studies Office: http://www.tcd.ie/Graduate_Studies/prospectivestudents/howtoapply/requirements/index.php

Candidates should submit a research proposal of around 2,000 words as part of their application. The proposal should contain the following components:

1. Title and short description of research project.
2. Description of the project. This should include a brief outline of how the applicant sees his/her project developing from year to year.
3. Details should be provided on the aims, the scope and objectives, the reasons for and background of the project, the key questions and proposed outcomes.
4. Location of the proposed project within the current state of research with reference to the literature. A short bibliography should also be included. Relative significance of the contribution that the proposed project will make to the area

5. Hypotheses/theories and methodology. Indicate the discipline(s) to which the project relates.
6. A description of the empirical component and sources.

Applications should be submitted online through the Postgraduate Application System (PAC). Details about the application procedure can be found at the website of the Graduate Studies Office:

http://www.tcd.ie/Graduate_Studies/prospectivestudents/howtoapply/process/index.php

Please be sure to upload all the required documents (2 academic references; academic certificate/transcript; English language certificate (where required), CV, research proposal). Applicants whose native language is not English may also be asked for examples of recent written work.

At the same time, please send your CV and research proposal directly to Dr Balázs Apor (aporb@tcd.ie) at the Centre for European Studies. If you would like to discuss the studentship before applying, please contact Dr Balázs Apor, or the Director of the Centre for European Studies, Dr Justin Doherty (jdoherty@tcd.ie). Applicants are advised to discuss their research proposal before submitting their application.

Deadline: 3 May 2011.

Postgraduate Research Grants on European Public Finances

[<http://www.eui.eu/Research/PostgraduateResearchGrants.aspx>]

The European Court of Auditors and the European University Institute (Historical Archives of the European Union), have created a programme of grants for researchers engaged in research on European public finances, in particular their impact on various areas of European society and culture, and on the historical development of the "external control" function in the EU context.

The intention is to award two grants. The programme is open to any type of researcher (e.g. lawyers, economists, historians or public-finance specialists) interested in the EU's public finances and the impact thereof.

Objectives

These grants are intended to enable researchers with an interest in EU public finances to broaden their research by studying the Historical Archives of the European Union to which the Court has entrusted its own historical archives, and the archives of the Audit Board (1958-1977).

Through the programme, the Court wishes to make it easier for researchers to access and consult the collections available at the European University Institute.

Admission

The following are eligible to apply:

- all current postgraduate students (master's and doctoral candidates);
- all postdoctoral researchers or university professors who have completed a master's degree or doctorate in the past five years (from completion of the degree to the date the application is submitted) and who currently hold an academic appointment.

Applicants should be preparing a thesis, dissertation, or scholarly article relating to EU public finances, in one or more of the disciplines of human and social sciences (e.g. history, economics, political sciences, law or public administration).

Research projects presented by postgraduate students or postdoctoral researchers should preferably be directly related to their doctoral or master's field of research.

In view of the nature of the files concerned, candidates should have a sound knowledge of English and French. Knowledge of other EU languages would be an advantage.

Only individual applications will be considered for the programme.
Candidates are not allowed to submit their application with the same research subject on more than two occasions.
These eligibility criteria will be strictly applied.

Application Procedures and Deadline

Applications must be sent or postmarked (respectively by e-mail or post) to the Academic Service of the European University Institute by *3 June 2011 at the latest*. Confirmation that an application has been accepted will be sent by e-mail one week after it is received.

Comptes rendus de manifestations scientifiques

Reports of scientific events

IPSA-ECPR Joint Conference – Whatever happened to North-South? 16-19 February, University of São Paulo, Brazil

"The IPSA-ECPR Joint Conference titled 'Whatever Happened to North-South?' wrapped up on Saturday, February 19 after three-and-a-half days of panels discussing the continued relevance of the international North-South divide. The event was hosted by the Brazilian Political Science Association (BPSA) at the University of São Paulo. More than 700 participants were welcomed onto the sprawling grounds of the University of São Paulo campus. In this first-ever collaboration between IPSA and ECPR, participants from Germany to Argentina and (of course) Brazil took part in thought-provoking panels grouped under three themes: (1) changing patterns of international relations/regional integration; (2) political regimes, democratic consolidation and the quality of democracy; and (3) economic trends and political, social and cultural changes. In particular, we were very pleased that a large number of local academics attended, taking advantage of the proximity of a major international conference to share ideas with colleagues from around the world. IPSA extends a warm word of thanks to all participants and to ECPR, BPSA and the Local Organizing Committee for helping to make this event a great success."

This is how the IPSA newsletter presented the inter-institutional conference which took place in São Paulo last February. Among the several panels dealing with regional integration, I have selected two dealing in special with regional integration parliaments. The first panel, entitled "Multilevel governance and regional integration worldwide: the parliamentary dimension", chaired by Olivier Costa and Clarissa Dri, aimed at discussing the role of regional parliaments in terms of their structure, powers and actors. Olivier Costa and Nathalie Brack presented a critical reassessment of the role of the European Parliament (EP) in Europe's integration. The authors argued that the democratic ideology can be considered as the principal source for the increase of EP's powers and that it is possible to determine its nature and to define the conditions under which this ideology could be decisive, testing this hypotheses empirically on the process leading to the European Constitution and, after its failure, to the Lisbon treaty. Cristina Fasone showed that the Baltic Sea region can be seen as laboratory of inter-parliamentary dialogue, which is an interesting case-study due to the high concentration of inter-parliamentary *fora* created. The paper assesses why these institutions have been created, in which period and which are the common constitutional and political features of the participants. Karina Mariano brought the discussion to South America, discussing the potential role of the Mercosur Parliament (Parlasur) which is mainly related to its unexpected consequences in the regional political system. Maria Claudia Drummond presented the functioning of the Brazilian parliamentary delegation to Mercosur in the Brazilian Congress. The author examines its institutionalization process over the years, arguing that it is one of the most structured national delegations within Parlasur.

The panel "Constitutionalization and regional integration: EU and Latin America compared", chaired by Berthold Rittberger and Christian Arnold, intended to bring together research on the constitutionalization of regional integration schemes. One core

aspect of constitutionalization processes and outcomes is the role and power accorded to supranational parliamentary institutions, such as the EP in the EU. The panel aimed therefore at comparing the experiences made in the EU and Latin American context, wishing to identify common causal paths that lead from regional integration schemes that lack a parliamentary representation towards regional integration with a parliamentary institution and, eventually, expanding competencies. Andrés Malamud and Clarissa Dri applied the spillover theory to the structure and performance of Parlasur, in order to assess whether it has produced, or may produce, some kind of spillover by either fostering new regional dynamics or cajoling national governments into upgrading their commitment to the region. Jürgen Rüland and Karsten Bechle compared regional parliamentary bodies in the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) and Mercosur. By applying norm diffusion theory, they have shown that these assemblies perform functions which are neither geared towards a deepening of regional integration through legalization and constitutionalization, nor towards the solution of collective action problems or democratizing regional governance. Rather, they have been established to retain, through a process of localization, the decision-making methods and corporatist logic proper to this regional organizations. Juliana Erthal and Juan Albarracín have also presented a comparative analysis that searched to address the main features and competences of the Andean Parliament and the Central American Parliament, focusing on the direct elections held last year. Finally, Berthold Rittberger and Christian Arnold's paper investigated legalization in the context of Mercosur, understood as the inclusion of legal principles or legal discourse in the dispute resolution methods. The authors analyzed the evolution of the Mercosur dispute settlement system in the light of a rationalist institutionalist perspective, revealing the limits of the power-based explanations.

In the discussions, Berthold Rittberger pointed out that we have to press the current agenda of regional integration studies to find a common frame – not necessarily a unique theory – to study the development of parliaments in different institutional settings. Maybe there are some lessons to be taken from existing clarifications in the study of parliaments, but what value do they have when it comes to regional integration? Maybe we need alternative clarifications. Theories of comparative politics could be used (to study for instance behavior of MPs), as well as international relations and institutional theories (institutional design and change, why regional institutions gain competences over time). According to Olivier Costa, defining what a parliament is and making predictions about its future is risky, because sometimes things happen even if we are not expecting them theoretically. Also, it is important to look at informal processes going on on Asia or South America, because this dimension may be more important in these continents than it is in Europe.

Clarissa Dri
Centre Émile-Durkheim, Sciences Po Bordeaux

The Commanding Heights of the European Union. The European Council: institution, actors, resources.
Colloque organisé par l'Institut d'Etudes Européennes et le CEVIPOL (Université libre de Bruxelles),
10-11 mars 2011, Bruxelles

Bien que située au sommet de l'ordre politique européen et au cœur des récentes réformes des traités, le Conseil européen n'a suscité qu'un très faible intérêt de la part des politistes. Partant de ce constat, cette conférence s'est interrogée sur la dimension interne du Conseil européen. Considérant le Conseil européen comme une institution évolutive, traversée par des logiques plurielles et parfois contradictoires, elle visait à répondre à des questions telles que : quelles sont les nouvelles caractéristiques institutionnelles du Conseil européen? Quel est son rôle au sein du régime politique européen et quelles relations entretient-il avec la présidence tournante ? Quels sont les effets de ces réformes sur les perceptions des citoyens, des médias et de la société civile ? Afin de répondre à ces questions, la conférence s'articulait autour de 4 axes :

Axe 1 : le Conseil européen comme institution

La première intervention, par E. Mourlon-Druol (LSE), visait à s'interroger sur le rôle des Sommets européens dans la coopération politique européenne de 1961 à 1981. Etudiant les interactions entre coopération politique européenne et Conseil européen, il a montré dans quelle mesure ces interactions ont évolué au fil du temps et comment cela a affecté le fonctionnement de la Communauté européenne, principalement en élargissant le cadre de la coopération politique. Ensuite, la contribution de Y.-S. Rittelmeyer (ULB) analysait la consécration institutionnelle du Conseil européen et a évalué le rôle des textes formels pour le Conseil européen. Il a souligné la secondarité des textes législatifs par rapport aux textes politiques, le poids relatif des changements impliqués par le nouveau traité et a insisté sur le rôle majeur des acteurs dans la consécration institutionnelle du Conseil européen. Il a également montré que cette reconnaissance institutionnelle est liée à une atténuation de l'image intergouvernementale de cette institution et du clivage intergouvernemental/supranational comme l'illustre la mise en avant d'une « méthode de l'Union ». La troisième contribution par M. Mangenot (Université de Strasbourg) portait sur le rôle du secrétariat général du Conseil. Il a expliqué que le traité de Lisbonne a entraîné la séparation du Conseil européen et Conseil des Ministres et a généré un triangle institutionnel à quatre côtés. Toutefois, il n'existe qu'une seule administration : le secrétariat général du Conseil. M. Mangenot a montré que le secrétariat général du Conseil constitue le rare lieu de coordination de cette situation complexe, devant assurer un équilibre intra- et inter-institutionnel.

Axe 2 : Le Conseil européen comme policy-maker

Une contribution par P. Alexandrova, A. Timmermans (Montesquieu Institute & Universiteit Leiden) et M. Carammia (University of Catania) a passé en revue le policy-agenda du Conseil européen de 1975 à 2010 en utilisant la théorie des équilibres ponctués. Cette analyse quantitative basée sur les conclusions des Conseils européens a démontré que les sujets dominant l'agenda varient dans le temps et qu'ils ne sont pas constamment présents. Après cette étude panoramique, X. Barros (EUI) s'est intéressée au cas précis du rôle du Conseil européen dans la lutte anti-terroriste. Elle a passé en revue l'attitude du Conseil européen vis-à-vis des « Focusing events » depuis 1995 et a énoncé des explications d'intervention ou de non-intervention du Conseil européen.

Axe 3 : la Présidence de l'UE et le Conseil européen : complémentaire ou en compétition ?

La contribution de D. Allerkamp (Universität Mannheim) s'est s'interrogée sur les conséquences de la rétrogradation de la présidence tournante sur les rôles de cette

dernière (*leader, broker, représentant et administrateur*). Elle a montré que pour le nouveau traité entraînait des changements fondamentaux pour certaines fonctions telles que le rôle de *leader* et de représentant. De même, le rôle d'administrateur peut être accru à l'avenir car la présidence en exercice est prise entre l'héritage de ses prédecesseurs, les événements contextuels, les exigences du président permanent et les programmes déjà en place. A. M. Fernandez Pasarin (Universidad Autonoma de Barcelona et Sciences Po Paris) a expliqué que les réformes de la présidence ont des conséquences politiques importantes car elles mettent en mouvement un phénomène de communautarisation et de reconfiguration des relations. Elle a démontré que l'institution de la présidence s'est transformée dans le sens d'une plus grande supranationalisation à travers la révision de la représentation des Etats-membres dans l'UE. Son analyse s'est concentrée sur deux aspects – les modèles de la Présidence (mode de fonctionnement) et la finalité et les fonctions de la présidence (fonctions assignées)- dans le temps long pour montrer que ce design institutionnel s'est transformé de façon fondamentale. Enfin, S. Van Hecke et P. Bursens (Universiteit Antwerp) ont analysé les conséquences du traité de Lisbonne sur la présidence tournante à travers un cas d'étude : la présidence belge. Ils ont montré de quelle façon cette présidence belge pouvait être qualifiée de « succès » en expliquant son renforcement de la méthode communautaire, son rôle de serviteur de H. Van Rompuy et sa priorité donnée aux résultats par rapport à ses intérêts propres. Ils ont ensuite présenté les conséquences pour les futures présidences tournantes et le leadership collectif qui peuvent être tirées de l'exercice belge.

Axe 4 : Incarnation et Légitimation de l'UE

Pour clôturer la conférence, L. Hoffman (Tilburg University), H. Mayer et K. Nicolaïdis (Oxford University) sont revenus sur le *Wise People Group*, dernier groupe de réflexion mandaté par le Conseil européen. Ils ont retracé son parcours et les différents obstacles qu'il a rencontré afin de produire une réflexion plus large sur le sens, les résultats et l'intérêt de telles activités et rapports. Cette présentation s'est suivie d'une réflexion de F. Forêt (ULB) sur les aspects communicationnels de l'Europe post-Lisbonne. Décrivant la communication dans l'UE comme une « consociational polity », il a relevé les indicateurs de changements structurels (relocalisation à Bruxelles, déclin des présidences nationales, diminution du nombre des journalistes à Bruxelles, faible notoriété du Conseil européen). Puis il a décliné l'histoire communicationnelle du Conseil européen selon 3 registres : histoire de famille, histoire de pouvoir, histoire du « business as usual ». Il a conclu à la nécessité de reconnaître la prééminence de cette dernière, tout en soulignant la résistance de l'histoire de famille et la persistante tentation de l'histoire de pouvoir. Enfin, C. Lord (ARENA, University of Oslo) a exploré les problèmes de la représentation composée de l'UE post-Lisbonne. Il a souligné les mérites de cette forme de représentation tout en expliquant qu'à la fois les espoirs et les déceptions des institutions et politiques de représentation de l'UE s'expliquent par le développement de cette dernière.

Nathalie Brack et Y-S. Rittelmeyer
CEVIPOL, Université libre de Bruxelles